

## AFRL Space S&T Update

**19 November 2015** 

Colonel David Goldstein Air Force Research Laboratory Space Vehicles Directorate

Integrity **★** Service **★** Excellence







- Who We Are
- Strategic Context
- A Subset of our Investments
- Challenge To You





# **Vision and Mission**

**AFRL/Space Vehicles Directorate** 



# **Our Vision**

# Be indispensable to our nation in improving AF and DoD space capabilities

# **Our Mission**

# Stay One Step Ahead in Space





### **Our Goals**

- 1. Be the first call
- 2. S&T that makes a difference
- 3. Operate with agile business processes
- 4. Hire, develop and retain a world-class workforce

### <u>What We Value</u>

**Our Core Values** 

- S&T Excellence
- Boundary Pushing
- Professional Competency & Contribution
- Mission Focus

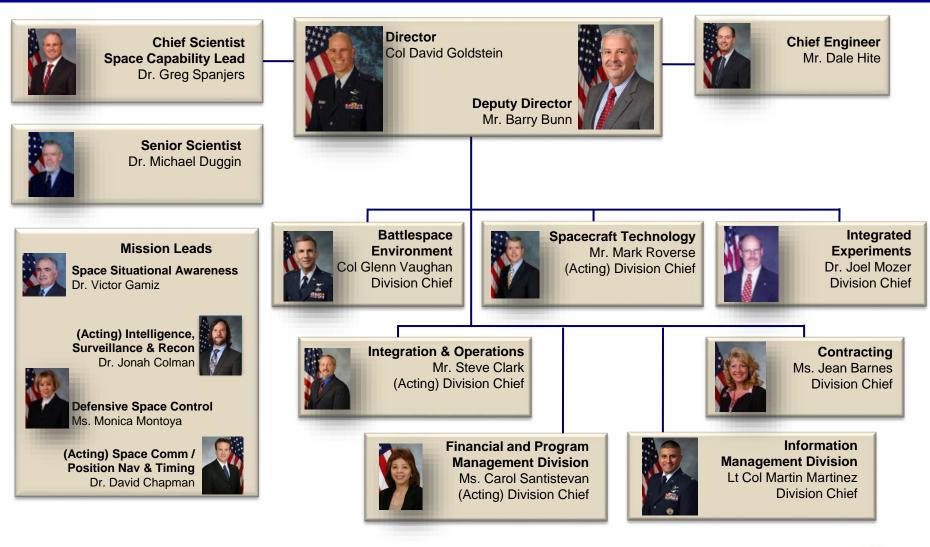
### External

- Innovation
- Resiliency
- Synergistic Partnerships
- Skin in the Game



### Organization AFRL/Space Vehicles Directorate



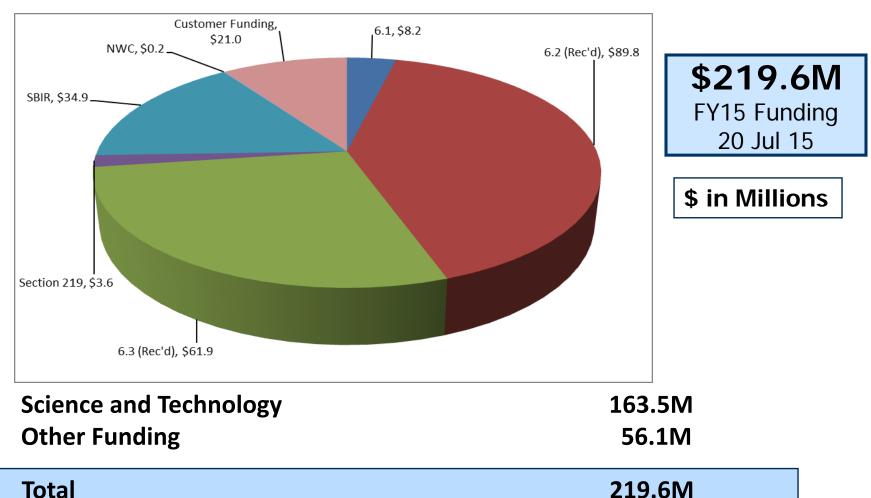






### FY15 Funding Break Out **Received Amounts with Customer Funding AFRL/Space Vehicles Directorate**





#### Total

\*All funding is shown as **Received**. Direct Cite/Reimbursable figures were obtained from the CCaR Incoming Document Report.

S&T Funding consists of 6.1, 6.2, & 6.3 amounts. CRI pass-thru funding is not included.





## **World Class Facilities**

**AFRL/Space Vehicles Directorate** 









**Fabrication and Testing** Capabilities

#### Aerospace Engineering Facility



**Unique Test Equipment** 

#### Existing Facilities – 55 Bldgs

- 420,000 Sq Ft Kirtland AFB, NM
- 36,000 Sq Ft Holloman AFB, NM
- 31,000 Sq Ft HAARP, Alaska



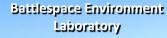
**IRREL characterizes Focal** 

Plane Arravs

#### Space Electronics Facilities



**Nuclear Radiation Simulation** Lab







**Calibration Lab** 



Cold Atom Lab







Spacecraft Integration Facility







**Ionospheric research** \*\* Now operated by UAF



**Balloon operations** 



Solar observations



Comprehensive integration & test facilities for small, experimental satellites or spacecraft components at different

security levels





space domain behavior

Characterize, assess, and

on space systems

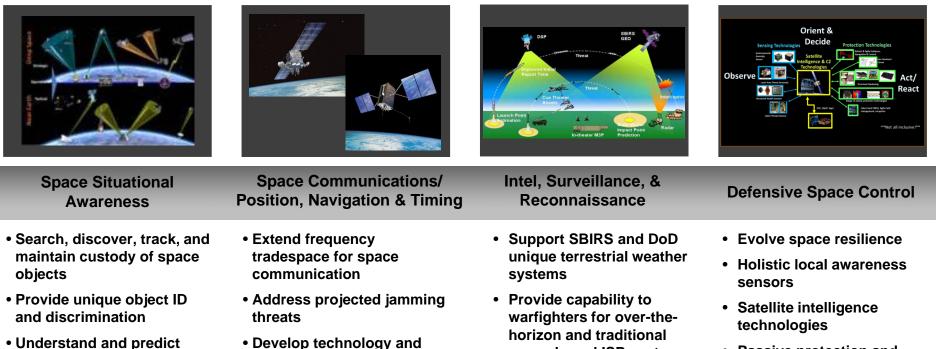
resolve anomalies/attacks

# **Space Vehicles Directorate**



### Mission: Stay One Step Ahead in Space

#### **Technical Mission Areas**



create options for future **GPS** spacecraft

Vision: Be indispensable to our nation in improving AF and DoD space capabilities DISTRIBUTION A. Approved for public release: distribution unlimited.



- space-based ISR systems
- Provide key nuclear explosion monitoring technology
- · Passive protection and active agility
- Associated modeling, sim, assessment & testing







- Growing commercial investment in and utilization of space
- Increased competition and diversity of launch options
- Acceleration of connectedness but mounting security stove-pipes
- Lag in government business practices
- Growing threats to space and launch systems
- Realization we can't concede space
- Emerging DoD Space strategy
- Drastic increase is use of cubesats/smallsats
- Advanced manufacturing availability...additive and robotic







## AFRL Advanced PNT Technology and Next Flight Experiment





# **Advanced GPS Technologies**

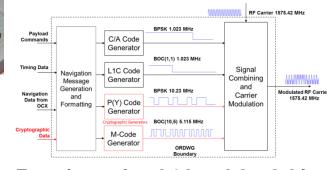


#### Technologies

- High efficiency GaN amplifiers
- On-orbit Reprogrammable Digital Waveform Generators
- New antenna concepts
- Supporting electronics
- Algorithms and new signal combining methods
- Satellite bus technologies for lower SWaP/ increased resiliency
- Advanced cyber technology

#### Advanced L-Band Amplifier Technology





#### Functions of an L1 band On-Orbit Reprogrammable Digital Waveform Generator

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#### Capabilities

- Lower-SWaP spacecraft OR higher power signals
- Increased signal flexibility after launch
- Lower cost OR increased capability payload
- Increased signal strength
- Information assurance designed-in from the start

#### **Advanced Military User Equipment**







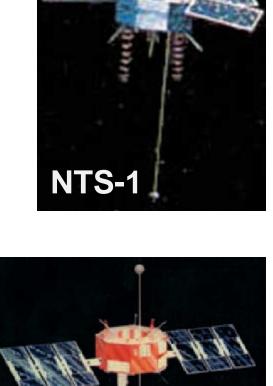
# **Navigation Technology Satellites (NTS)**

### NTS-1 (Launched: 1974)

- "Timation" and "621B" programs merged to become NAVSTAR GPS program.
- NRL'S Timation 3 satellite re-designated the NTS-1
- Two rubidium-vapor frequency standards (clocks)

### NTS-2 (Launched: 1977)

- 1st NAVSTAR GPS Phase I satellite
- Cesium frequency standards (clock)
- Nickel-hydrogen battery
- Worldwide network for data acquisition
- Verified Einstein's relativistic clock shift



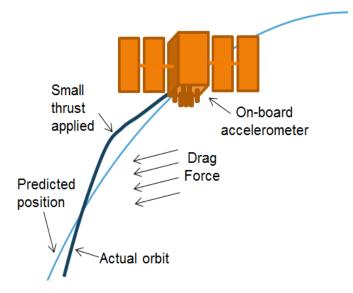


## NTS-3 is AFRL's Next Flight Experiment

- Advance state-of-the-art satellite hardware and software
  - High gain antennas
  - High Power Amplifiers
  - Flexible digital payload
  - Atomic Clocks

#### • Explore new operations concepts

- Know ephemeris though active control
- Alternate TT&C and ground
- Hosted payload
- Conduct wide variety of science experiments
  - Integrated space, ground and cyber
  - Examples: relativity experiments, advanced signals, active maneuver with precise OD, tactical TT&C, localized signals





## Near-term & Current AFRL Space Experiments

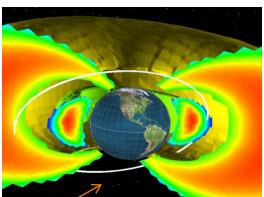
# **DSX-** Mission Objectives

- Nominal orbit: 6000 x 12000 km, 42 degree inclination
- Launch Sep 2016 on STP-2 Mission
  - SpaceX Falcon Heavy launch vehicle from KSC
- Three Main Science Experiments:
  - 1) Wave-Particle Interactions (WPIx) prime payload
    - Determine efficiency of injecting VLF waves into space plasmas in situ
    - Determine distribution of natural & man-made ELF-VLF waves
    - Characterize & quantify wave-particle interactions
  - 2) Space Weather (SWx)
    - Map MEO radiation & plasma environment
    - Determine in-situ environment for wave generation experiments in (1)
  - 3) Space Environmental Effects (SFx)
    - Quantify MEO environment effects on technologies (electronics, materials, coatings)
    - Determine physical mechanisms leading to materials' breakdown in MEO radiation

MEO = Medium Earth Orbit, ELF = Extremely Low Frequency, VLF = Very Low Frequency, KSC = Kennedy Space Center

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# **Small Satellite Program**



Small satellites provide an extension of the lower-cost, higher-risk satellite paradigm that AFRL has helped pioneer (XSS-11, Tacsat-3, ANGELS) to even lower-cost, larger mission-assurance ranges

#### CHOMPTT



- 3U CubeSat precision timing satellite equipped w/ an atomic clock synchronized with a ground clock
- Demonstrate technology for enhanced GPS and future disaggregated navigation systems

#### ARMADILLO – FOTON GPS



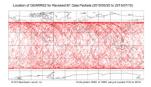
- Dual-Frequency GPS receiver with Nano-Satellite SWaP & Improved precision
  - 0.5U form-factor (8.3 x 9.6 x 3.8 cm)
  - ~1.5W orbit average w/ duty cycling

#### **SHARC**

- Demonstrate the capability to perform critical calibration of over 120 Tri-Service C-Band radars
- Investigate the performance of Hypervisor onorbit for DARPA
- Launch: April, 2015

#### GlobalStar...PNT Enabler

Enables near-global PNT data availability



Affordable method to gather TLM data

#### Namaru GPS (Australian)

Developed by AUS Defense Science and Technology Group (DSTG)



Sub-Meter relative position accuracy when multiple units flown in formation

#### VPM

- **Critical augmentation for the AFRL Demonstration and Science Experiment** (DSX) satellite
- Answers key DSX physics: Can we transmit VLF across the space plasma sheath into the far-field.









## AFRL Test Bed for Space Situational Awareness Algorithms





## **JSpOC Mission System**

### Background



JMS



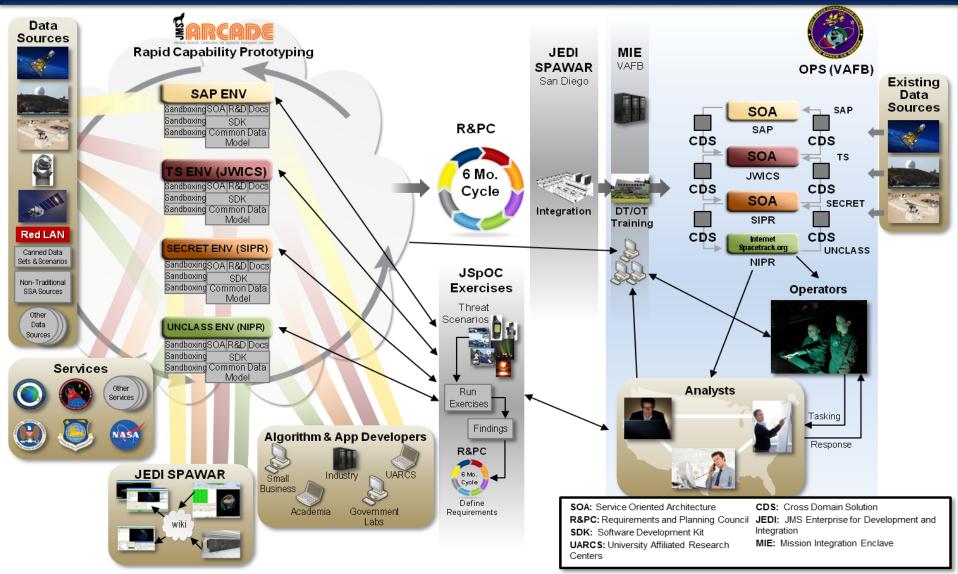
capability?



### Vision for ARCADE



#### An incubator for Joint Space Operations Center (JSpOC) Mission System (JMS) related applications







- "Space"scape is changing therefor we must:
  - Reorient to Resiliency
  - Induce Innovation
  - Seek Strategic Strengths
  - Prioritize Synergistic Partnerships
  - Greatly Grow GPS 🙂
- AFRL is committed to a strong space S&T investments consistent with National priorities
  - SSA, Propulsive ESPA, space cyber, PNT, resilient pervasives, continued community experimentation

